Standard Operating Procedure



SOP # 45474	Blood Borne Pathogen Cleanup
Revision #	v.1.0
Implementation Date	
SOP Owner	Safety
Approved By	
Diagram or Manual Reference	

Purpose

Dealing with biohazardous materials can be a challenging and potentially dangerous task. A response or accident site affected by hazardous substances requires proper cleanup to ensure the safety of responders and restoration of the affected area. These procedures will take you through the biohazard cleanup process, safety precautions, and considerations for effective and thorough cleanup.

Scope

This SOP is applicable to;

 All OSRV Captains and Personnel who are assigned to work on SEAPRO's Oil Spill Response Vessels.

Prerequisites

Personnel shall have successfully completed;

• Introduction to Bloodborne Pathogens

On the SEAPRO University website.

Responsibilities

Development and maintenance (updates) to this SOP are the responsibility of SEAPRO's Safety Manager. Contact via e-mail at; safety@seapro.org.

Tools

- Nitrile gloves (inner)
- Puncture resistant gloves (outer)
- Protective encapsulating suit (Tyvek)
- Eye protection
- Foot protection w/boot covers
- N-95 respirator
- Face shield (optional)

- Sharps container
- Garbage can w/double 10 mil liner
- Disinfectant wipes and rags
- Shovel
- Bleach solution (10:1)
- Weed sprayer
- Bio-hazard labels

Step-by-Step Procedure

1. Assess the affected area to determine the extent of the contamination. Determine the type and severity of the biohazardous materials present. This includes identifying bloodstains, bodily fluids, chemical spills, or other potentially infectious substances. Check for any compromised surfaces or materials that may require special attention i.e. broken glass, sharp metal, syringes and intravenous drug paraphernalia.

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- Don the appropriate personal protective equipment, including gloves, protective encapsulating suits, eye protection, and respirators necessary to protect the biohazard cleanup technicians from exposure to hazardous materials.
- 3. The affected area must be sealed off to prevent the spread of contamination to other parts of the work area. Place cones, pilons or obstructions around the contaminated area to prevent unauthorized access until the decontamination is completed.
- 4. Remove all contaminated materials using the tools referenced above or equipment such as, biohazard bags, sealed containers, disposal boxes, or sharps containers to securely collect and transport the waste.
- 5. Use specialized cleaning solutions (bleach solution) to clean and disinfect all surfaces in the affected area. Once contamination is removed and area is disinfected rinse liberally with water.
- 6. Decon the technician and tools and dispose of the PPE with the contaminated materials at the nearest medical facility that accepts infectious materials.

Controls

Only trained personnel are permitted to execute these procedures. If no authorized SEAPRO personnel are available, contact the local fire department. Response operations are halted until all biohazards have been removed from the worksite.

Field Level Risk Assessment

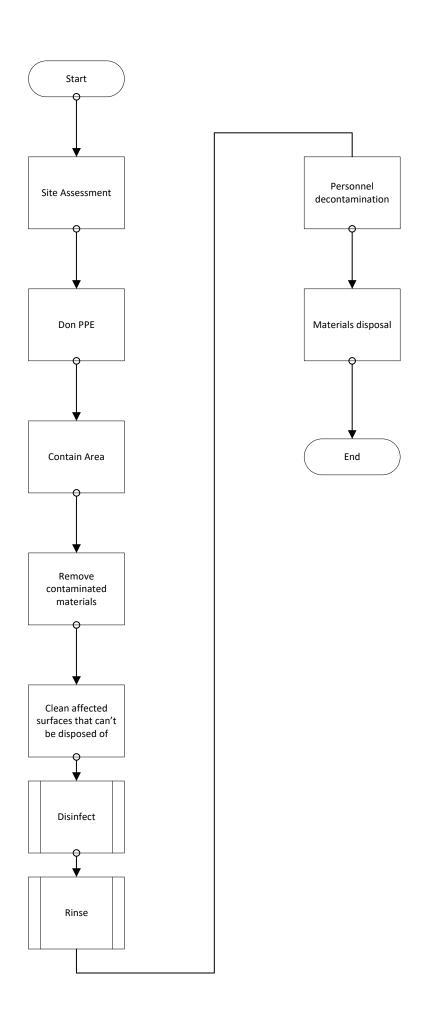
Response workers could encounter sharps and other intravenous drug paraphernalia when working in harbors, populated beaches and areas frequented or encamped by the homeless. The initial site assessment, and any subsequent assessments prior to work activities should include the inspection for syringes (sharps) and other possible blood bourn contaminated objects and materials. Additionally, any injury accident where blood or other bodily fluids/materials are released must be handled under these procedures.

Checklist Assessment PPE Containment Removal Cleaning Disinfection Rinsing Personnel decontamination Disposal

References to JSA Analysis

Attached.

Process Flow Diagram



Job Hazard/Safety Analysis (JH/SA)

Work Category: Spill Operations

Work Location: Spill Site Date: 2024-07-01

Task Description: Biohazard Cleanup JHA No.: 45474.01

Sequence of Job Steps	Identified Hazards and Critical Behaviors	Recommended Procedures
Site assessment	Syringes, sharps, contaminated materials. Do	Observe and document.
	not contact until proper PPE is worn.	
Don PPE	Surfaces may be slippery. Don protective	Don using standard procedures trained in
	equipment only in area without possible	HAZWOPER class.
	contamination contact.	
Seal off and secure contaminated area	Surfaces may be slippery. Ensure proper	Use proper footwear in areas where
	lifting, bending and rotation techniques are	shoreline, beaches, decks and walkways may
	employed when placing cones, pilons and	be wet or vegetation, algae and tide pool sea
	barriers.	life. Avoid lifting and turning when deploying
		barrier materials. Caution tape should be
		waist to chest high to avoid tripping hazards.
Remove contaminated materials	Sharps, syringes, broken glass, sharp objects,	Secure removed material in biohazard bags,
	decks, walkways and accident scenes may be	sealable containers, disposal boxes and
	contaminated with biohazards. Collect and	sharps containers. Containers should be
	place in approved containers.	sealed prior to transport.
Disinfect surfaces and areas	Biohazard fluids may appear to be clear	Spray surfaces with disinfectant and rinse
	liquid. Treat all surface areas not removed	with clean water.
	and contained as contaminated and disinfect.	
Doff and dispose PPE	Cleanup tools and PPE should be disinfected	Spray disinfectant solution on PPE and
	and disposed of with contaminated materials	cleanup tools. Rinse with clean water. Collect
	collected during the cleanup operation.	rinsate. Doff disinfected PPE using care not to
		touch unprotected skin while removing.
		Dispose PPE and tools with collected
		biohazard materials.

Transport and dispose biohazard containers	Biohazardous materials must be sealed and	Lift properly and use carts, dollies or forklifts
	kept upright to prevent leaking. Wear proper	when moving collected materials for disposal.
	PPE to prevent contamination in the event a	
	container is breached or leaks. Use proper	
	lifting techniques when loading, unloading or	
	moving containers to avoid back and soft	
	tissue injury.	

Biohazard Cleanup Operational Safety Risk Map

		Safety H	azard Identifica	ition		Saf	ety Risk Assess	ment	Sa	fety Risk Mitigation	
	Safety Item or			Worst	Type of				Corrective		Responsible
ID	Hazard	Element	Root Cause	Consequence	Finding	Severity	Probability	Risk Level	Action	Preventive Action	Party
										Observe from	
	Site Assessment			Harm to people						outside the	
	contaminated area			due to					Use caution	contaminated	
1	entry	People	Awareness	contamination	Minor	Catastrophic	Remote	Unacceptable	when entering	area	PIC
										Don PPE in a	
									Don PPE prior to	stable clean	
									cleanup	environment.	
				Technician					operations. Use	Avoid slippery	
			Improper	exposure,					only approved	surfaces outside	
			PPE	contamination.					procedures for	the contaminated	
2	Biohazard contact	People	donning	Harm to people	Minor	Catastrophic	Remote	Unacceptable	wearing PPE.	zone.	PIC
			Work area	Harm to people							
			may be	due to					Proper contact	Use caution when	
	Contaminated		slippery	contamination					with	walking in wet	
	materials and		and	or injury due to					contaminated	and potentially	
3	surfaces	People	unstable	accident	Minor	Major	Remote	Acceptable	materials.	slippery areas.	PIC
			Contact								
			with clean							Wear PPE. Avoid	
			up						Proper	skin contact and	
			chemicals	Harm to skin,					protective	application	
			and	eyes and					equipment and	activity that	
	Chemical exposure		disinfectant	mucous					safe work	results in	
4	burns	People	solution	membrane	Minor	Minor	Remote	Acceptable	practice	splashing.	PIC
										Lift with the	
										knees. Use	
									User proper	mechanical	
				Structural					lifting and	assistance for	
	_		Improper	damage to					movement	transporting	
5	Soft tissue injury	Technical	lifting	body	Minor	Major	Remote	Acceptable	procedures	materials. Use the	PIC

										buddy system for items over 50 lbs.	
			Situational								
6	Vehicular accident	Technical	awareness	Death	Minor	Catastrophic	Remote	Acceptable	Defensive driving	Drive defensively	PIC

Level D (Modified)	Tyvek coveralls,	Eye protection, face shield, puncture resistant gloves, N95 respirator, water	erproof
	boots.		
Safety Equipment Required	d to do this Job: PFD if workin	g within 2 meters of water.	
Safety Equipment Required	d to do this Job: PFD if workin	g within 2 meters of water.	
Safety Equipment Required Fire Extinguisher	d to do this Job: PFD if workin	g within 2 meters of water. Chemical Protective Clothing Cork Boots	